# Report of the Directors and Audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

for

**Hackney City Tennis Clubs Ltd** 

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### **Hackney City Tennis Clubs Ltd**

# Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

**DIRECTORS:** 

D Harrison

H Bennett F Caselli A Hunter M Lewin D Aramu L Watch

C Winder

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

3 Queen Elizabeth Walk

London N16 0BF

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

06435191 (England and Wales)

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS:** 

Knox Cropper LLP 65 Leadenhall Street

London EC3A 2AD

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a tennis club including managing the provision of tennis in the London Borough of Hackney.

The London Borough of Hackney opened a tender process in 2019, which Hackney Tennis applied for and won. The new service agreement started on 15 October 2019.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2019:

D Aramu

H Bennett

F Caselli

D Harrison

G Howe (Resigned 16 July 2019)

A Hunter

M Lewin

D Smith (Resigned 16 July 2019)

L Watch (Appointed 10 December 2019) C Winder (Appointed 10 December 2019)

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Knox Cropper LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

# Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

H Bennett - Director

Date: ..............

### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Hackney City Tennis Clubs Ltd

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hackney City Tennis Clubs Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Hackney City Tennis Clubs Ltd

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Knox Cropper WP

Simon Goodridge (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Knox Cropper LLP 65 Leadenhall Street London EC3A 2AD

Date: 17/11/2020

# Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	2020	2019
	£	£
TURNOVER	426,913	452,032
Cost of sales	1,574	3,256
GROSS SURPLUS	425,339	448,776
Administrative expenses	380,921	380,396
OPERATING SURPLUS and SURPLUS BEFORE TAXATION	44,418	68,380
Tax on surplus	3,050	355
SURPLUS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	41,368	68,025

The notes form part of these financial statements

# Balance Sheet 31 March 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		613	2,241
Debtors	4	6,988	20,522
Cash at bank		271,139	238,935
CREDITORS		278,740	261,698
Amounts falling due within one year	5	19,685	44,011
NET CURRENT ASSETS		259,055	217,687
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		<del></del>	
LIABILITIES		259,055 	217,687 
RESERVES		•	
Income and expenditure account		259,055	217,687
		259,055	217,687
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The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

H Bennett - Director

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hackney City Tennis Clubs Ltd is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Turnover**

All income is included in the financial statements when the club becomes entitled to that income and the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised in the period in which it is incurred and includes attributable VAT which cannot be recovered.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 8 (2019 - 8).

None of the directors were remunerated during the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019 - £nil).

#### 4. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors	3,358	3,337
	Other debtors	3,630	17,185
		6,988	20,522
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5.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2020	2019
		2020 £	2019 £
	Tax	3,050	<i>355</i>
	Social security and other taxes	3,352	2,509
	Accruals and deferred income	13,283	41,147
		19,685	44,011